

Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) A method, comprising:
 - a first machine communicating with a second machine using a protocol that sends the first machine's network configuration data in an application data sent to the second machine via a translating access point;
 - receiving from a network configuration server a network configuration not subject to translation by the translating access point; and
 - providing according to the protocol said received network configuration to the second machine so that said communicating may traverse ~~[[a]]~~ the translating access point which translates network traffic so as to apparently originate from the access point without breaking the protocol.
2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the network configuration data comprises a network address, the method further comprising:
 - establishing a tunnel with the first machine for receiving network traffic sent to the network address.
3. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the tunnel is established between the network configuration server and the first machine.

4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the protocol is a selected one of an audio protocol, a visual protocol, and audiovisual protocol, and a telecommunication protocol.

5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the translating access point has a first interface communicatively coupled with a first network, and a second interface communicatively coupled with a second network, the method further comprising:
associating a network address with the second interface;
receiving network traffic from the first machine on the first interface; and
translating said received network traffic so that it appears to originate from the network address associated with the second interface.

6. (Currently Amended) A method for communicating through an access point coupling plural machines on a first network to a second machine on a second network by translating first network traffic so as to apparently originate from the access point, comprising:

receiving a request for a first address of a first machine on the first network;
allocating a second address from a server on the second network;
providing the second network address in response to the request;
transmitting through the access point at least one network packet having a header comprising a packet origin, and a data payload comprising the second network address;
[[and]]

translating the header of the packet by the access point of the packet origin so that the network packet apparently originates from the access point; and
using the second network address in the payload of the packet to provide a network configuration for a communications exchange.

7. (Original) The method of claim 6, further comprising:
establishing a tunnel between the first machine and the server; and
the first machine receiving, through the tunnel, network traffic sent to the second address.

8. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the access point performs selected ones of: network address translation, and port translation on the at least one network packet.

9. (Original) The method of claim 6, further comprising:
providing a network address translation (NAT) based router between the first machine and the second machine so that communication between said first and second machines is NAT translated at least once.

10. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the NAT based router is the access point.

11. (Original) The method of claim 6, further comprising:

communicatively coupling the server to the second network such that network traffic from the server reaches the second network without translation.

12. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein the second network is the Internet.

13. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the packet origin address is the first network address.

14. (Original) The method of claim 6, further comprising:
executing a networking application program, said program issuing the request for the first address of the first machine, and storing said provided second address as the data payload;

wherein the networking application program is unaware of said translating.

15. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the first machine comprises:

a network interface communicatively coupled to the first network;
a first memory for storing an operating system providing network services; and
a second memory for storing a network driver communicatively coupling the network interface to said network services, said network driver performing said allocating the second address, and providing the second address responsive to the request for the first address.

16. (Original) The method of claim 15, further comprising:
executing a networking application program which issues the request for the first
address; and
the network driver providing the second network address responsive to said
networking application program request.

17. (Currently Amended) A method for machines on an internal network to
utilize protocols embedding machine network addresses within network traffic data when
such traffic routes through an access point that shares a single address on an external
network with said machines, the method comprising:

receiving first network traffic from a network driver executing on a first machine
of the internal network, said first traffic having an apparent origin of the single address;
allocating an external address on the second network;
providing the external address to a network driver of the first machine using a
payload portion of a data packet; and
establishing a tunnel through the access point to the network driver so that
network traffic for the external address is received by the network driver.

18. (Original) The method of claim 17, further comprising:
receiving second network traffic from an application program executing on the
first machine, said second traffic having an apparent origin of the access point, and a data

payload encoding an identified address determined by the application program for the first machine.

19. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein the application program is a telecommunication program, the method further comprising:

contacting by the network driver of a call handling server on the external network, said server performing said allocating the external address and establishing the tunnel;

initiating a call by said program to an endpoint;

notifying said server of said initiating;

establishing said call to the endpoint by said server;

notifying the network driver of success/failure of said establishing; and

notifying said program of said success/failure.

20. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein:

the application program telecommunicates with the network driver; and

the endpoint telecommunicates with the server.

21. (Original) A method for a first machine on an local area network (LAN) to communicate with a wide area network (WAN) through an access point configured to alter LAN network traffic so that it appears to originate from the WAN, the method comprising:

providing layer-based network services including an application layer, a network driver layer, and a session layer, wherein said driver is called before said session layer;

executing an application program configured to identify a first address of the first machine, embed said identified first address within network traffic data, and send said network traffic data to a communication endpoint;

providing a WAN address to said program so that said program can embed the WAN address within the network traffic data; and

establishing a first communication session between said program and said driver, a second communication session between said driver and the server, and a third communication session between the server and the said endpoint.

22. (Original) The method of claim 21, further comprising:

contacting a server on the WAN to obtain the WAN address;

receiving a call setup from said program for the endpoint;

establishing a call from the server to the endpoint;

connecting said program call to said driver; and

transparently forwarding said program call by said driver to the server.

23. (Original) The method of claim 21, wherein the session layer comprises the Microsoft Winsock Application Programming Interface.

24. (Original) The method of claim 21, wherein said network services are arranged according to the ISO/OSI model.

25. (Currently Amended) An apparatus, comprising a readable medium having instructions encoded thereon for execution by a processor, said instructions capable of directing the processor to perform:

communicating by a first machine with a second machine using a protocol that sends the first machine's network configuration data in an application data sent to the second machine via a translating access point;

receiving from a network configuration server a network configuration not subject to translation by the translating access point; and

providing according to the protocol said received network configuration to the second machine so that said communicating may traverse [[a]] the translating access point which translates network traffic so as to apparently originate from the access point without breaking the protocol.

26. (Original) The apparatus of claim 25, said instructions comprising further instructions capable of directing the processor to perform:

establishing a tunnel with the first machine for receiving network traffic sent to the network address.

27. (Original) The apparatus of claim 25, wherein the translating access point has a first interface communicatively coupled with a first network, and a second interface communicatively coupled with a second network, said instructions comprising further instructions capable of directing the processor to perform:

associating a network address with the second interface;
receiving network traffic from the first machine on the first interface; and
translating said received network traffic so that it appears to originate from the
network address associated with the second interface.

28. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for communicating through an access point coupling plural machines on a first network to a second machine on a second network by translating first network traffic so as to apparently originate from the access point, comprising a readable medium having instructions encoded thereon for execution by a processor, said instructions capable of directing the processor to perform:

receiving a request for a first address of a first machine on the first network;
allocating a second address from a server on the second network;
providing the second network address in response to the request;
transmitting through the access point at least one network packet having a header comprising a packet origin, and a data payload comprising the second network address;

[[and]]

translating the header of the packet by the access point of the packet origin so that the network packet apparently originates from the access point; and
using the second network address in the payload of the packet to provide a
network configuration for a communications exchange.

29. (Original) The apparatus of claim 28, said instructions comprising further instructions capable of directing the processor to perform:
establishing a tunnel between the first machine and the server; and
the first machine receiving, through the tunnel, network traffic sent to the second address.

30. (Original) The apparatus of claim 28, wherein a network address translation (NAT) based router between the first machine and the second machine translates communication between said first and second machines.

31. (Original) The apparatus of claim 30, wherein the NAT based router is the access point.

32. (Original) The apparatus of claim 28, said instructions comprising further instructions capable of directing the processor to perform:
executing a networking application program, said program issuing the request for the first address of the first machine, and storing said provided second address as the data payload;
wherein the networking application program is unaware of said translating.

33. (Currently Amended) A system for machines on an internal network to utilize protocols embedding machine network addresses within network traffic data when

such traffic routes through an access point that shares a single address on an external network with said machines, the method comprising:

receiving means for receiving first network traffic from a network driver executing on a first machine of the internal network, said first traffic having an apparent origin of the single address;

allocating means for allocating an external address on the second network;

providing means for providing the external address to a network driver of the first machine using a payload portion of a data packet; and

establishing means for establishing a tunnel through the access point to the network driver so that network traffic for the external address is received by the network driver.

34. (Original) The system of claim 33, further comprising:

receiving means for receiving second network traffic from an application program executing on the first machine, said second traffic having an apparent origin of the access point, and a data payload encoding an identified address determined by the application program for the first machine.

35. (Original) The system of claim 34, wherein the application program is a telecommunication program, the system further comprising:

means for contacting by the network driver of a call handling server on the external network, said server performing said allocating the external address and establishing the tunnel;

initiating means for initiating a call by said program to an endpoint;
notifying means for notifying said server of said initiating;
establishing means for establishing said call to the endpoint by said server;
notifying means for notifying the network driver of success/failure of said establishing; and
notifying means for notifying said program of said success/failure.

36. (Original) An apparatus for facilitating a first machine on an local area network (LAN) to communicate with a wide area network (WAN) through an access point configured to alter LAN network traffic so that it appears to originate from the WAN, the method comprising:

means for providing layer-based network services including an application layer, a network driver layer, and a session layer, wherein said driver is called before said session layer;

means for executing an application program configured to identify a first address of the first machine, embed said identified first address within network traffic data, and send said network traffic data to a communication endpoint;

means for providing a WAN address to said program so that said program can embed the WAN address within the network traffic data; and

means for establishing a first communication session between said program and said driver, a second communication session between said driver and the server, and a third communication session between the server and the said endpoint.

37. (Original) The apparatus of claim 36, further comprising:
means for contacting a server on the WAN to obtain the WAN address;
means for receiving a call setup from said program for the endpoint;
means for establishing a call from the server to the endpoint;
means for connecting said program call to said driver; and
means for transparently forwarding said program call by said driver to the server.